

# The CROMWELL AND NORTHERN GOLD-FIELDS GAZETTE.

No. 116. Vol. III.]

CROMWELL, OTAGO, N.Z.: TUESDAY, JANUARY 30, 1872.

[Price 6d.]

Cromwell Advertisement

**I. HALLENSTEIN and Co.,**  
GENERAL IMPORTERS,

ROMWELL, QUEENSTOWN, ARROWTOWN, & MELBOURNE

We have much pleasure in calling the attention of the inhabitants generally to our Large Stock, as enumerated in this advertisement. It does not detail all the articles we keep, for to do so would be almost impossible. We have endeavoured to enumerate all the principal articles of each class; but every want necessary in a Mining, Agricultural, and Pastoral community can be supplied.

All our purchases being for cash, we thus possess an advantage that few are able to avail themselves of.

We therefore respectfully solicit a continuance of the patronage hitherto bestowed, with the conviction that all orders entrusted to our care will be promptly executed, and the articles found to be of good value.

**Drapery.**—The attention of Ladies is respectfully directed to this Department. It will be found replete with all the latest novelties from the Melbourne markets, and arrangements have been made for regular shipments per each steamer.

Dresses, in silks, fancy and black; alpacas, challies, mohairs, winceys, muslins, prints, coburgs, Shawls, all-wool plaids, French merinos, skirtings, jackets, &c.

Hosiery, gloves, handkerchiefs, laces, trimmings of all kinds.

Ladies' and Children's Underclothing.—Our stock will be found the largest and best-assorted on the Gold-fields.

Ladies' and Children's Hats, trimmed and untrimmed.

Feathers, flowers, corsets, chignons, &c.

A large assortment of white and coloured flannels, serge and cricketing; calicoes and sheetings; and every other article required in the trade.

**Slop Department.**—Men's Suits, Paget and sac; boys' ditto, Leopold, Stanley, sac, and knickerbocker; Trousers and vests, all kinds.

Trousers, in silk mixture, doeskin, tweed, cotton, Bedford cord, and moleskin.

Shirts—white dress, regatta, Crimean, serge, Scotch twill, tweed, and Jain.

Pants and under-shirts, in flannel, lambswool, serge, merino, and cotton.

Men's and boys' Hosiery, of all kinds.

Hats—straw, merino, tweed, silk-stitched, felt, and plush, in all the latest shapes.

Waterproof coats, overalls, leggings and sou'-westers; monkey jackets and pilot coats.

All the above Goods are to our special order.

**Boots and Shoes.**—A splendid assortment, consisting of:

Ladies', girls', and children's boots, in kid, cashmere, morocco, and leather.

Slippers—canvass, patent leather (plain and fur-trimmed), sheepskin, and carpet.

Men's and boys' boots—elastic-side, Balmoral, Blucher, Wellington, half-Wellington, and riding boots; Colonial water-tights, made to our order in Melbourne.

Gum boots—Hayward's North British and Liverpool; Hardy's nuggets.

**Carpets.**—In tapestry, felt, all-wool Kidderminster, drapet; hearth-rugs.

**Latting.**—China and coir; oilcloth, door-mats.

**Ironmongery, Mining Tools, and Agricultural Implements.**—Anvils, axes, adzes, adzes, balances, bells, bags, blacking, brushes (all kinds), baking-dishes, billys, braces and bits, black-lead, bellows, boilers, bedsteads, bolts, blocks, candlesticks, chains (various), candle-moulds, colanders, compasses, chisels, coal-scuttles, scoop and vase; corkscrews, coffin furniture, cash-boxes, door-scrappers, drippers, egg-whisks, slice and cups; fuse, frying-pans, funnels, files, fenders and fire-irons, fish-hooks, gimblets, grindstones, graters, glue, grilirons, gold-blowers, dishes and sieves, grates, gads, guns, glue-pots, hammers (all kinds), hoes, jelly-moulds, knives, a large assortment; knives and forks, knife-boards, kettles, lanterns, locks, ladies, milk dishes, cans, strainiers, sieves, and yokes; measuring tapes, mops, mallets, nails of every kind, pitch, picks, pumps, powder, pincers, piping, ploughs, quoits, quicksilver, rules, rope, resin, rivets, rasps, rakes, ship scrapers, sickles and bats, slop-pails, saws of all kinds, sieves, seaming twine, sponges, scoops, sheep-shears, saucepans, shovels and spades, spirit-levels, soldering-irons, solder, spokeshaives, shot, steelyards, scales, screws, staples, stewpans, teapots, trowels, tar, tacks, tubs, tuck-irons, vices, waiters, washing boards and powder, window furniture of all kinds, writing cases, zinc, &c., &c.

**Timber and Building Materials.**—Shelving, 12 and 14 inches wide; T. and G. lumber.

T. and G. Scotch Flooring,  $\frac{1}{2}$ ,  $\frac{3}{4}$ ,  $\frac{5}{8}$ ,  $1\frac{1}{4}$  inch; beaded and plain match lining.

Quartering, American hardwood,  $3 \times 1$ ,  $3 \times 1\frac{1}{2}$ ,  $3 \times 2$ ,  $4 \times 3$ ,  $4 \times 6$ ; mouldings, various sizes.

Galvanised and painted iron, all sizes; rolled zinc, spouting, brackets, down-piping heads.

Screws, nails, locks, hinges, and bolts: doors, glass, raised panel, and plain sashes, all sizes.

**Paints, Paperhangings, Oils.**—Paints of all kinds; white and red lead; black, green, blue, umber, ochre, &c.; Oils—raw, boiled, colza, olive, turpentine, &c.; oak and copal varnish, asphaltum, oak-stain, knotting.

**Paperhangings.**—A large assortment of drawing-room, sitting-room, bed-room, hall, passage, and ceiling, various; borderings, all kinds.

**Inware.**—Of every description, a large assortment, all kinds.

**Kitchen Utensils.**—Stoves, boilers, saucepans, kettles, &c.

**Rockery.**—A large and well-assorted department.

**Lamps, Glassware, Kerosene, Larupware.**—Large assortment.

**Furniture, Bedding, &c.**—Bedsteads: an assortment of French and stump double, single, and children's bedsteads and cots.

Chairs: Ladies, Florence, Lincoln, Fillimore, dining, American wood, spring hair, rocking; easy-chairs, in hair, cane, and wood.

Commodes, cheffoniers, children's high and low chairs, cane and wood; chests of drawers.

Tables: round and square, dining, loo, and dressing, various.

Washstands, in cedar and walnut; towel-horses, mahogany, cedar, turned and plain.

Sofas, a large assortment, colonial made, with or without backs, pillows, and cushions.

Mattresses: feather, hair, flock, fibre, any size; pillows and bolsters, do, do, do.

**Leather.**—Crop, kip, calf, kangaroo, &c., from the Tannery of Michaelis, Hallenstein, and Co.

**Trinkery.**—A large assortment.

**Tobacco and Cigars.**—Being direct importers of these goods, buyers can always depend on getting a first-class article.

Tobacco: fancy and aromatic, silver coil, Atlantic cable, old sport, navy, fives, sixes, tens, imperial ruby, gold bar; dark aromatic—tens, bashful lover, little sunshade, monster; Barrett's twist and cut tobaccos; snuff.

Cigars: Trabucos, Havanah, Princess', and Swiss.

**Stationery and Books.**—Account-books, all sizes and bindings; minute-books, bill-files, blotting-paper, memo books, copying letter-books, copy and exercise books, date-cases, envelopes, all kinds and sizes; elastic bands, foolscap (plain and ruled), gum mucilage, ink of all kinds; inkstands, a large variety; letter balances, clips, and files; pass-books.

Note and letter paper, white, blue, and mourning; pens of all kinds, pencils, playing-cards, pocket-books, purses, slates, albums, rulers, sealing-wax, tissue-paper, all colours; desks.

Books: an assortment of family and pocket Bibles, church services, and prayer-books.

Poetical Works of Byron, Moore, Scott, Burns, Milton, Cowper, Cook, Campbell, Longfellow.

Gift books; dictionaries—French, Latin, German, and English; geographies, arithmetics.

**Fancy Goods.**—A large, choice, and varied assortment.

**Patent Medicines.**—Large assortment; also, a variety of Horse Medicines.

**Perfumery.**—"from every flower that breathes a fragrance."

**Saddlery.**—This department will be found very complete, as all goods are manufactured expressly for us by Aiston, of Melbourne.

Bridles, with or without bits; a large assortment of ladies' and gentlemen's, double and single rein, Pelham and snaffle; all prices.

Curry-combs and brushes of all kinds; halters; hobbles, various.

Saddles, ladies' and gentlemen's; demy, stock, green hide, and all over hogskin; various pieces.

Saddle-cloths, kersey, felt; saddle-girths, leather, web; saddle straps, spurs of all kinds, valises, martingales and breastplates, various; stirrup leathers, ladies' slippers and stirrups; cruppers, bits, barnisters, headstalls, ladies' worked saddle-cloths.

Spring cart harness complete, dray harness complete, leading sets complete.

Pack saddles, straps, needles, buckles; hemp knives.

Whips, a large variety; jockey whips, silver mounted, green hide; ladies' twigs, various kinds; buggy whips, cart whips, all sizes; stockwhips and handles, thongs of all kinds.

**Produce.**—Agents for Robertson and Hallenstein, Brunswick Flour Mills, Lake Wakatipu.

We have for sale their silk-dressed Flour, (equal to Adelaide); pellard, bran, oats, wheat, barley, chaff. Garden seeds in great variety.

**Sundries.**—Tents, tarpaulins, Manila rope, lace canvas, horse-covers, wheelbarrows, hoes, directors, brushware, camp and colonial ovens, candles, lime, &c. &c. &c.

Cromwell Advertisements

## SUMMER FASHIONS.

## LONDON HOUSE, CROMWELL.

W. TALBOYS,

DRAPER, SILK-MERCER, HABERDASHER, AND GENERAL OUTFITTER.

Begs to call public attention to the arrival of his extensive

## STOCK OF NEW & SEASONABLE GOODS

EMBRACING EVERY NOVELTY PRODUCED FOR THE PRESENT SEASON.

A magnificent assortment of DRESS MATERIALS, in all the newest shades and fabrics—Plain and Embroidered Grenadines—New Tinted Alpacas—Roubaix Silk Repts—Delaines—Marl Mohairs—Fancy Muslins—Diaper—Hoyle's Prints, &c.

The MILLINERY DEPARTMENT contains the latest specialities for the present season—Ladies' trimmed and untrimmed Straw Hats in all the newest shapes—Ladies' and Children's Sun Hats—large selection of Flowers, Ribbons, and Feathers.

The FANCY GOODS DEPARTMENT comprises an endless variety of Lace Tics, Scarf Collarettes, Chemisettes, and Muslin Jackets.

HOUSEHOLD DRAPERY:—Large stock of Blankets, Flannels, Sheetings, Table Linen—Calicoes, Towellings, Muslin Curtains, Brown Holland, Linen, Diaper, Marcella; Coir Matting; Carpets.

THE GENTLEMEN'S OUTFITTING DEPARTMENT is replete with every novelty for the season, and contains all the new cuts in Coats, Trousers, and Vests; a choice collection of Scarfs and Ties, Collars, &c.; Gentlemen's Hats in variety.

Splendid assortment of MEN'S, YOUTH'S, and BOYS' CLOTHING.

The BOOT DEPARTMENT includes Ladies' and Children's single and double soled & and Cashmere E.S. Boots; also, Men's E.S., Watertight, Nugget, and Gum Boots.

Five per cent. Discount allowed on all Cash Purchases.



[A CARD.]

D R. J A M E S C O R S

SURGEON,

May be consulted daily at his residence

M E L M O R E T E R R A C E,

C R O M W E L L .

[A CARD.]

M R. H. W. S M Y T H I E

MINING SURVEYOR,

C R O M W E L L .

W I L L I A M M A C N A

ACCOUNTANT

AND

COMMISSION AGENT.

The Registration and Legal Management;

Mining Companies undertaken.

A. W. ALLANBY,

BARRISTER AND SOLICITO

C R O M W E L L .

S H A M R O C K S T O R E,

C R O M W E L L .

WILLIAM SHANLY & Co.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

WINE, SPIRIT, AND PROVISION

M E R C H I A N T S .

A large and varied assortment of

WINES, SPIRITS, AND GROCERIES.

Goods delivered in all parts of the district

free of charge.

C R O M W E L L . TIMBER & IRON YARD

LATE MR GRANT'S

N E W Z E A L A N D & A M E R I C A N T I M B E R Y A R D

JAMES TAYLOR,

Carpenter and Builder, Ironmonger



&c., &c., &c., &c.

Has FOR SALE all kinds of Building Material

suitable for the district.

Estimates given for Buildings at the Lowest

Prices compatible with Good Material and

Workmanship.

Punctuality and attention to all orders may

be relied on.

—A Large Assortment of Paperhangings

Paints, Glass, FURNITURE—comprising Chairs

Tables, Washstands, Iron Bedsteads, &c.

Building Ironmongery, Carpenters' and Joiners'

Tools, Hemp, Wire, and Manila Rope.

SADDLERY; &c., cheap.

SADDLERY; &c., cheap.

Ladies' Riding Habits made to order.

JOHN E. BEATTIE, having been

## Cromwell Advertisements



DAVID A. JOLLY & CO.,  
WHOLESALE  
AND  
RETAIL  
FAMILY GROCERS,  
AND  
WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS.

D. A. JOLLY & CO. desire to return thanks to the people of Cromwell and the surrounding districts for the liberal encouragement they have received since opening the above establishment; and as they intend devoting their attention exclusively to the Grocery and Wine and Spirit trade, they confidently hope, from their connection in Dunedin, to be able to place before the public a genuine class of goods, well and carefully selected, at prices that cannot fail to give general satisfaction. They would respectfully invite attention more especially to the following articles in stock:—

Teas of excellent flavor, in chests, half-chests, and boxes  
Coffees not to be surpassed in quality  
Cocoa and Chocolate of the best brands  
Sugar—crystals and crushed loaf  
Raisins—Muscatel, Sultana, and Elephants  
Jams, Jellies, Pickles, and Sauces  
Bacon, Cheese, and Butter of prime quality  
Tobacco—Imperial Ruby Twist, Barrett's  
Twist, Old Sport, and aromatic  
Oils—Salad, Castor, and Kerosene  
Candles of the best brands  
Soaps—Blue Mottled, Yellow, and Scented in bars and cakes, &c., &c.

## GRAIN.

Wakatip Oats, Wheat, and Chaff  
SPRITS.

Islay Whisky—Arbeg's and Long Jones' Hennessey's and Martell's Brandy, in bulk and case

J. D. K. Z. Geneva

Burnett's Old Tom

Lemon Hart's Rum in bulk

Porter—Blood's, Byass's, and Guinness's CORDIALS.

Ginger Wine, Raspberry Vinegar, Peppermint, Lemon Syrup, &c., &c.

Dr Townsend's Sarsaparilla

Families waited on for orders, and goods delivered in all parts of the district at Cromwell prices.

## WAKATIP BREWERY.

MESSRS SURMAN AND DAVIS beg to inform the Public of Cromwell and the surrounding districts that, in order to meet the constantly increasing demand for their

## ALES,

they have appointed Messrs D. A. JOLLY & Co. their AGENTS IN CROMWELL.

Messrs D. A. JOLLY and Co. will from this date be in a position to supply Wakatip Ale (of prime quality) in bulk or bottle, at prices that will defy competition.

Ale or Porter, 12s per doz.

Queenstown, October 30, 1871.

DAVID A. JOLLY & CO.,  
HAVING RECEIVED A NEW AND SELECT  
ASSORTMENT OF

## IRONMONGERY,

Beg to call public attention to the following:—

Blasting Powder and Fuse; Long and Short handle Shovels; Picks, Pick Handles, and Sluice Forks; Pannikins, Gold Dishes, Billets; Galvanised Iron Buckets; American Tubs, Buckets, and Brooms; Axes and Handles; Manila Rope for mining purposes; Drilling Hammers and Handles; White Lead; Castor Oil in bulk; Washing-boards; Brushware of every description; Nails; Canvas; Hoses; Pipes.—Contracts undertaken for supplying Mining Co.'s with Material of all kinds, on liberal terms. Free delivery

DAVID A. JOLLY & CO.'s  
DEPOT FOR MINING TOOLS,  
CROMWELL.

KARL PRETSCH,  
COACH & GENERAL PAINTER,  
etc.

Has now PAPERHANGINGS, PAINTS of every description, GLASS, and MOULDINGS, on Sale at Low Prices.

Contracts undertaken for General Painting, Decoration, and Sign Writing.

Buggies and Vehicles of every description painted in the best style.

Colours Prepared in any Shade required

Address: Next door but one to MASH'S BRIDGE HOTEL, CROMWELL.

## Cromwell

FREE TRADE BUTCHERY,  
(Wholesale and Retail).

JAMES DAWKINS . PROPRIETOR.

A supply of Beef, Mutton, Veal, Pork, Hams, Bacon, &c., always on hand.

\* Meat delivered at Town Prices throughout the district.

BEEF, BY THE QUARTER, 3d per lb.

OWEN PIERCE,  
SMITHFIELD CO.'S BUTCHERY  
CROMWELL.

Thanks his customers and the public generally for the patronage they have so liberally bestowed upon him. He now begs to announce that he is in a position to supply

## FIRST-CLASS MEAT

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES:  
Mutton (Quarters), 3d. to 4d. per lb.  
Mutton (Sides), 3d per lb.  
Beef (boiling), 5d. per lb.  
Beef (roasting), 6d. per lb.  
Chops, 6d. per lb.  
Rump Steaks, 8d. per lb.  
Sausages, 9d. per lb.

Families waited on for orders.

## Important to Hotelkeepers.

C. NELSON & CO. beg to intimate to the public of Cromwell and its environs that they have commenced business as Manufacturers of LEMONADE and GINGERBEER, in the new building in Inniscort-street, at the rear of Mr Barry's residence.

A SODA-WATER MACHINE will shortly arrive from Dunedin, when C. N. & Co. will be in a position to execute orders in this particular line.

Orders promptly attended to, and Goods delivered in all parts of the district.

CII. C. NELSON & CO.

F. SANSON, SADDLER  
AND  
HARNESS-MAKER,

Begs to inform the public that he is carrying on business at the Premises lately occupied by Mr Raven, in Cromwell, and trusts, by strict attention and moderate charges, to merit the public patronage.

Collars, Pack-saddles, and Harness of every description made on the premises.

Repairs done on the shortest notice.

WILLIAM BARNES, JUNR.,  
FARRIER AND BLACKSMITH,  
(Opposite Smitham's Kawarau Hotel).

WILLIAM BARNES, Junr., desires to announce to the inhabitants of Cromwell and the surrounding District that he has commenced business as a

BLACKSMITH & FARRIER,  
in New Premises,

situated opposite Smitham's Kawarau Hotel.

His long practical experience in all branches of the Business, combined with MODERATE CHARGES, will, he trusts, secure to him a fair share of public patronage.

Every Branch of the Business attended to.

BARKES'S  
VETERINARY SHOEING FORGE,  
CROMWELL.

THE undersigned begs to announce that having secured a constant supply of FAT CATTLE and SHEEP on favourable terms, he will shortly commence business as a

CARCASE BUTCHER at Cromwell, and will be prepared to execute WHOLESALE ORDERS for BEEF and MUTTON at the lowest market rates.

Fat Stock always on hand.

W. J. BARRY,  
WHOLESALE SLAUGHTERMAN.BEEF AND MUTTON,  
DEAD OR ALIVE,  
WHOLESALE ONLY.

## Cromwell

KAWARAU HOTEL,  
CROMWELL

WILLIAM SMITHAM . . . . . PROPRIETOR.

The best conducted and most comfortable Hotel in the District.

A FIRST-CLASS BILLIARD ROOM,  
With one of Alcock's best Tables.

N.B.—W. S. having erected a large range of Stabling, would intimate to Travellers that every care will be bestowed upon horses. An experienced groom in attendance.

JUNCTION COMMERCIAL HOTEL,  
CROMWELL

JOSEPH HARDING begs to intimate that he has purchased from Mr G. W. GOODGER the above large and centrally-situated Hotel, and is now in a position to offer accommodation of a superior description to all who may favor him with their patronage.

His past experience in the WINE and SPIRIT trade, will he trusts, be sufficient guarantee that the Spirits and Malt Liquors served will be as pure as on the day they left the vintery or the distillery.

The BEDROOMS, PRIVATE PARLORS, &c., are fitted up in the best style, and every attention will be paid to secure the comfort and convenience of visitors.

## Large and Comfortable

BILLIARD ROOM,  
Fitted with one of Alcock's Tables.

Particular attention has been paid to the STABLES in connection with the Hotel, and the public may rely on Every Care being taken of their HORSES.

MEALS ready at ALL HOURS of the day.

J. HARDING.

## IS DETERMINED TO GIVE VALUE FOR MONEY.

## JOHN MARS II,

OF THE BRIDGE HOTEL, CROMWELL.

## DAGG'S

CLUTHA HOTEL,  
CROMWELL.

Best Accommodation for Visitors.

## PRETTY FAIR LIQUOR.

## FIRST-CLASS STABLING.

Cromwell Veterinary Shoeing Forge, Next door to Kidd's Cromwell Hotel.

E DWARD LINDSAY,  
(late of Clyde and Melbourne),  
GENERAL BLACKSMITH, FARRIER, AND  
MACHINIST,

Begs to intimate to his customers and the general public that he has REMOVED to his NEW PREMISES, next to the Cromwell Hotel, Melville Terrace, where he will carry on every description of Blacksmith work and Farriery as heretofore.

E. LINDSAY begs to intitiate to the Public generally that he has gone to the expense of getting a CAST-IRON BED for TIRING WHEELS on a new principle, being the first in rod iron up-country, which he will guarantee to give general satisfaction; also, that he has made a reduction in the price of Horse-shoeing.

LIGHT SHOES . . . . . 10s.  
DRAUGHT . . . . . 16s.

EDWARD LINDSAY,  
Veterinary Shoeing Forge.

## Cromwell

## CROMWELL COAL PLANT

NICHOLAS & CO.

Beg to inform the public of Cromwell and surrounding district that they have purchased the Lease of the above-named Coal Works, that they are now in a position to supply Coal of excellent quality on the shortest notice, at the same rates as heretofore—viz., 20s. ton at the Pit, or 32s. per ton delivered.

No INCREASE IN PRICES!

NICHOLAS & CO.,

Coal Merchant.

## VICTORIA FIRE AND GENERAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL..... £2,200,000.

I. HALLENSTEIN & CO.,  
AGENTS,  
CROMWELL.

We have Now Opened the LARGEST & BEST-SELECTED STOCK

OF DRAPERY AND CLOTHING ever seen in Cromwell.

The Goods are marked off at such low prices as will ensure a speedy sale.

I. HALLENSTEIN AND CO. are now

Henry's Line of Royal Mail Coaches

EVERY MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY, a coach of the above line

leaves CLYDE for CROMWELL, ARROWTOWN, FRANKTON, and QUEENSTOWN, at six a.m., and

every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday it returns to Cromwell and Clyde, leaving Queenstown at six a.m.

Booking Office at Cromwell.—The Golden Age Hotel.

J. Y. HENRY, Proprietor.

JOHN MARSH'S IVERY AND BAIT STABLES adjoining the

BRIDGE HOTEL, CROMWELL.

Saddle and Harness Horses on Hire.

Charges Moderate.

A First-Class Groom.

## WATER'S PATENT MANGLE.

MRS REID (next door to Heron's White Hart Hotel) is prepared to mangle Bed and Table linen for Families in Best Style, at moderate prices.

## NOTICE.

WE, the undersigned, beg to inform the inhabitants of the Cromwell, Alexandra, and Clyde districts that we have appointed

I. Hallenstein and Co., Cromwell, as our only AGENTS for the sale of our Silk-dressed

FLOUR, BRAN, AND POLLARD.

We guarantee all Flour branded with our name, and obtained through the above agents.

ROBERTSON & HALLENSTEIN, Brunswick Flour Mills,

LAKE WAKATIP.

## EARL OF CARRICK.

The Imported Clydesdale Stallion

"EARL OF CARRICK"

will stand for the Season at POISON CREEK FARM, Wanaka Road; and will visit fortnightly each of the following places, viz.:—ALBERTOWN, BANNOCKBURN, BENDIGO, CARDRONA, CROMWELL, and KAWARAU GORGE.

Terms, £4, payable at the end of the season.

EARL OF CARRICK (imported from Victoria) is a beautiful black horse, possessing great bone and substance; is seven years old, and stands 16 hands high. He was bred at Mansfield, Victoria, by J. Steele, Esq., and was got by the famous horse BLACKLEG, which carried off thirty-one prizes, and never was beaten in Victoria.

EARL OF CARRICK's dam, a prize Clydesdale mare, imported from Scotland.

CHARLES HAIR. Proprietor, Poison Creek.

## Bannockburn

STUART'S FERRY,

KAWARAU RIVER.



Main crossing-place between Cromwell and the Nevis for Waggons, Drays, Horses, and foot passengers.

Children attending School, Free.

## THE FERRY HOTEL

Has first-class accommodation for Travellers.

BANNOCKBURN HOTEL & STORE,  
DOCTOR'S FLAT, BANNOCKBURN,  
(On the Main Road to the Nevis).

GROCERIES, CLOTHING, BOOTS, and HOUSEHOLD REQUISITES of all descriptions kept in Stock.

The Goods, being obtained DIRECT from Dunedin, are retailed at the LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.

N.B.—Good Stabling, Horse Feed, &amp;c.

The new Ferry being now OPEN FOR TRAFFIC, the Public are invited to cross the Kawarau River on the

NEAREST PUNT IN THE PROVINCE, which is on the direct road to Bannockburn, the Nevis, and the Carrick Range Reefs.

John Richards - Proprietor.

BANNOCKBURN TIMBER YARD  
AND CARPENTER'S SHOP.

## JAMES TAYLOR,

CROMWELL TIMBER AND IRON YARD, begs to inform the Residents of BANNOCKBURN, NEVIS, PORTERS, &c., that in order to meet the increasing requirements of those districts, he has opened a Branch Establishment at Doctor's Flat, opposite Mr. Richards' Store.

A good supply of TIMBER and IRON for Building and Mining purposes always on hand.

Best Material and Workmanship Cheap for Cash.

WILLIAM SUTHERLAND & CO.,  
(Late of Legantown),

GENERAL BLACKSMITHS & FARRIERS, beg to intimate to Mining Companies and the public generally that they have removed to CARRICKTOWN, next to McCormick's Carrick Range Hotel, where they hope, by strict attention to business, and reasonable charges, to merit a share of their patronage.

CARRICK RANGE HOTEL.  
CARRICK RANGE HOTEL.CARRICK RANGE HOTEL,  
Opposite the Royal Standard Co.'s Battery,  
QUARTZVILLE.

A spacious, well-lighted, and completely-furnished BILLIARD ROOM, with one of Paser's best Tables.

The Carrick Range Hotel is within easy distance of the various Reefs, and an excellent day-road (constructed at great expense by the Royal Standard Company) extends from the base to the summit of the Range.

The accommodation comprises Bar and Bar Parlour, handsomely fitted up; large and well-furnished Dining Room; Private Parlour; magnificent Hall, large and lofty, built expressly for Balls, Public meetings, &amp;c.; and an extensive suite of really comfortable and commodious Single and Double Bed Rooms.

The premises will be found replete with every convenience; and the Proprietor confidently asserts that the Carrick Range Hotel affords to every class of visitors accommodation unsurpassed by any up-country hotel in Otago.

The situation is extremely picturesque, commanding a magnificent view of Mount Pisa, the Grandview Mountains, and the Upper Clutha Valley.

Table d'Hôte Daily from 12 till 2.

The culinary arrangements are under competent management, and it is the determination of the proprietor to maintain this department in the highest state of efficiency.

First-class Six-stalled Stable attached.

Saddle Horses for Hire on Moderate Terms.

CARRICK RANGE HOTEL,  
QUARTZVILLE.

(The only Hotel in the vicinity of the Reefs.)

JOHN M'CORMICK,

Proprietor.

## Bannockburn

## QUARTZVILLE BUTCHERY.

## JOHN GRINDLEY

Begs to announce to the Public of Bannockburn and the Carrick Range, that he has opened a Butchering Establishment in the Township of QUARTZVILLE, next door to the CARRICK RANGE HOTEL, where he will always have on hand a supply of Prime BEEF, MUTTON and PORK, at the lowest market rates.

A choice assortment of SMALL Goods constantly on hand.

Orders delivered in any part of the District.

## BANNOCKBURN COAL MINE.

## LOGAN &amp; SCOTT,

## COAL MERCHANTS,

Having obtained a lease of the above well-known Coal Works, beg to inform the residents at Bannockburn, Carrick Range, Bendigo, Kawarau Gorge, and throughout the district, that they are prepared to SUPPLY (in any quantity) COAL of excellent quality, at 15s. per ton taken from the pit's mouth; or, delivered, 1s 9d per bag and upwards, according to distance.

N.B.—Drays leave the Bannockburn for Cromwell twice a week. Loading carried back on reasonable terms.

## Luggate

## ALBION HOTEL AND STORE,

## LUGGATE,

23 miles from Cromwell, on the main road to Lake Wanaka.

H. MAIDMAN ..... Proprietor.

This well-known Hotel possesses every accommodation for the comfort and convenience of travellers.

Groceries, Clothing, Drapery, Ironmongery, Mining Tools, &amp;c., &amp;c., constantly on hand, at Cromwell prices.

## GOOD STABLING.

N.B.—District Post Office.

## Hawea and Wanaka

H A W E A S A W - M I L L S,  
LAKE HAWEA.ISBEL, FARQUHAR, & ROSS,  
PROPRIETORS.

## SAWN TIMBER

Of all descriptions can be supplied from the above Mills at Cromwell, Cardrona, or any other part of the district.

POSTS and RAILS, and all kinds of MINING TIMBER.

## WANAKA HOTEL, PEMBROKE.

The above hotel, which is delightfully situated on the margin of the Wanaka Lake, offers to the tourist and pleasure-seeker advantages rarely to be met with.

The scenery in the neighbourhood is exceedingly picturesque; and on an Island in the Lake there is excellent rabbit-shooting.

An excellent Four-stalled STABLE, and a PADDOCK, for horses.

THEODORE RUSSELL,

Proprietor.

## Alexandra

MANUHERIKIA BREWERY,  
ALEXANDRA

THEYERS & BECK beg to announce that they are prepared to supply their SPARKLING XXXX ALES in any quantity.

Delivered free of carriage within twenty miles.

Orders left with

Mr THEYERS, Alexandra;

Mr C. P. BECK, Clyde;

Or at the BREWERY, will be promptly attended to.

THEYERS AND BECK,

BREWERS,

ALEXANDRA.

## Clyde

## MEDICAL HALL, CLYDE

M. MARSHALL,

CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST,  
SUNDERLAND-ST., CLYDE.

Prescriptions carefully prepared.

## BOOKSELLER, STATIONER, AND NEWS VENDER.

Importer of English, Foreign, and Colonial Newspapers and Magazines.

Libraries and Magazine Clubs supplied at a small advance upon English prices.

## CROMWELL PUBLIC LIBRARY.

The Reading-room is open to Subscribers on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Saturdays.

The Library contains an extensive variety of Books in every department of literature; and about £60 worth of New Works is expected to arrive shortly from Great Britain.

All the Provincial Newspapers, and a number

of English Papers and Periodicals, are regularly received for the use of Subscribers.

Annual Subscription, £1 1s; Half-Yearly,

12s 6d; Quarterly, 7s 6d.

## Cromwell

WATCH, CLOCK, JEWELLERY,  
AND FANCY REPOSITORY.

## H. WAEBER,

PRACTICAL WATCHMAKER AND JEWELLER,  
CROMWELL,

Has removed to his NEW PREMISES.

All Repairs of Watches or Clocks Guaranteed for  
Twelve Months.

H. W. begs to notify that he has also on hand  
TOBACCOES, CIGARS, and a variety of Meerschaum  
and Briar PIPES, MOUTHPIECES, &c.

## TOBACCOES

(Of the Finest Quality)

5s. PER POUND.

## Nevis

## BRITISH STORES,

## Nevis.

## Arrowtown

P R I T C H A R D,  
Wholesale and Retail Storekeeper,  
WINE, SPIRIT, AND PROVISION MERCHANT,  
ARROWTOWN.

The largest and best-assorted stock of Wines, Spirits, Groceries, and Provisions in the district.

A well-assorted stock of Boots and Shoes, Drapery, &amp;c.

Agent for T. ROBINSON &amp; CO., Agricultural Implement Manufacturers, Dunedin &amp; Melbourne

## Queenstown

JOHN O. MARDEL,  
MINING AGENT, SHAREBROKER,  
AND  
General Commission Agent,  
Valuator, and Accountant,

ARROWTOWN AND QUEENSTOWN.

Stock, Agricultural Produce, and General Merchandise Bought and Sold on Commission.

## ROBERT BOYNE.

GENERAL STOREKEEPER  
AND NEWS AGENT,

Queenstown, Lake Wakatip.

A large stock of Groceries and other goods always on hand. Importer of English and Colonial Newspapers. Orders punctually attended to, and newspapers forwarded to any part of the district.

Agent for the CROMWELL ARGUS.

[A CARD.]

D. POWELL,  
AUCTIONEER, &c.

SALE ROOMS - BALLARAT-STREET,

## QUEENSTOWN.

OFFICE:

Ballarat-st. (opposite the Family Hotel)

WATCH REPAIRING AND  
CLEANING.CHARLES BEEBY,  
(Formerly of Cromwell),  
WATCHMAKER & MANUFACTURING JEWELLER,Rees-street, Queenstown,  
Begs to inform the inhabitants of the Cromwell District that any work entrusted to him will be executed by an EXPERIENCED WORKMAN, with accuracy and despatch.

Colonial Jewellery of all descriptions, trademarked, made on the premises.

## JOSIAH MITCHINSON,

Wholesale and Retail

STOREKEEPER,  
WINE, SPIRIT, AND PROVISION MER-

CHANT,

WAKEFIELD STORE,

(Near Cromwell Quartz Co.'s Machine),

BENDIGO.

## GOODS DELIVERED

At all parts of the Reefs.

## BENDIGO POST OFFICE.

## NOTICE.

## POISON for dogs is laid on ARDGOUR

STATION. ALEX. MCLEAN,

Manager.

## NOTICE.

## POISON for DOGS will be laid on

MOUNT PISA STATION on and after this date.

J. LOUGHNAN.

Mount Pisa, May 12th 1870.—27c.

**PROSPECTUS  
OF THE  
CARRICK RANGE WATER SUPPLY  
COMPANY, REGISTERED.**

**CAPITAL - - - £12,000,  
IN SHARES OF £1 EACH.**

**INTERIM DIRECTORS:**  
JAMES COWAN, Esq.  
IGNATIUS LOUGHNAN, Esq., J.P.  
JAMES HAZLETT, Esq., J.P.  
JAMES P. TAYLOR, Esq., J.P.  
JAMES STUART, Esq.  
G. W. GOODGER, Esq.  
JAMES MARSHALL, Esq.

**TREASURER:**  
JAMES P. TAYLOR, Esq., J.P.

**SOLICITOR:**  
A. W. ALLANBY, Esq.

**SECRETARY:**  
MR H. W. SMYTHIES.

**BANKERS:**  
BANK OF NEW SOUTH WALES.

**SURVEYOR:**  
H. W. SMYTHIES, Esq.

**T**HE Company is formed for the purpose of supplying to the large Mining District of CARRICK RANGE and BANNOCKBURN a quantity of Water sufficient to, in some measure, enable the well-known auriferous resources of that district to be developed. By the proposed scheme, the necessity for further Steam machinery for Quartz-crushing purposes will be dispensed with; and by the substitution of Water-power, a saving of 50 per cent will be effected, besides stimulating the erection of additional Quartz-crushing Mills. By a judicious distribution of the supply, the Water can be made available many times, as the altitude at which it will be delivered on the Range (being within two hundred feet of the summit) will enable the Company to dispose of its use at various levels until its final debouch into the Kawarau River.

The proposed Race will command at least thirty square miles of well-proved, highly auriferous ground on the Carrick Range, which nothing but the absence of water has hitherto prevented from being profitably worked. Mr HAUGHTON, in his Report on the Water Schemes to be initiated by Government aid, referred in highly eulogistic terms to the desirability of this scheme, and to its undoubted success. There are at present three Steam Quartz-crushing Machines on the Range, and these are stopped frequently through want of water, and are subject to a heavy outlay for procuring coal. These difficulties will be effectually overcome by the successful carrying out of the proposed scheme.

The undoubted payable character of the undertaking has induced many private parties to propose a similar scheme, but the cost has invariably prevented its furtherance; and it has been acknowledged that, to ensure a successful issue, the undertaking should be placed in the position of a substantial Company.

The line of Race has been marked out, and the necessary levels have been taken, by our Surveyor (Mr SMYTHIES), with the view of ascertaining the practicability of the scheme; and it has been estimated by him that about £7000 will be required to construct the Main Race, of which a portion will have to be flumed.

The Company, recognising the necessity of having a capital to command any contingencies, and with a view of compensating the Promoters, nineteen in number, (some of whom have relinquished large private rights in favour of the Company,) have made the Capital £12,000; and the Promoters have agreed to accept £1050 in paid-up shares, as compensation for their rights and expenses in the matter,—thus leaving £10,950 available for the prosecution of the works.

The Company propose bringing in Sixteen Heals of Water, and the disposal of that quantity at current rates will secure to the Company large and permanent dividends.

It is also intended to obtain such Subsidy from the Government as may be granted, should the terms be suitable.

So soon as a sufficient number of Shares have been applied for to insure the existence of the Company, a general meeting of Shareholders will be called for the election of permanent officers, and to take steps to register the Company.

It has been settled by the Promoters that 1/- per share be paid on application; that 2.6 be paid on allotment; and that no calls be made at less intervals than one calendar month, and shall not exceed 2/6 each call.

**FORM OF APPLICATION FOR SHARES.**

To the Secretary of the Carrick Range Water Supply Company, Registered, Cromwell.

Sir,—I hereby make application for.....  
Shares in your Company, or any less number that may be allotted to me; and I enclose.....  
being deposit of one shilling per share on the above number, subject to the terms recited in the Prospectus.

Signature.....

Address.....

**NOTICE.**

**SUBSIDIES TO WORKS FOR THE  
SUPPLY OF  
WATER UPON THE GOLD-FIELDS.**

Companies or Persons desirous of making APPLICATION for SUBSIDIES under the "Immigration and Public Works Act," will obtain the necessary information at the Warden's Office.—(See *New Zealand Gazette*, Jan. 1872).

(Signed) C. E. HAUGHTON,  
Under-Secretary for Public Works,  
Gold-fields Department.

Dunedin, January 12, 1872. 28

**New Advertisements.**

**T**HE MONTHLY MEETING of the DUKE OF CUMBERLAND COMPANY will be held at Cromwell on SATURDAY, 3rd February, at 8 p.m.

R. E. DAGG, Secretary.

**BARGAINS! BARGAINS! BARGAINS!**

**BANKRUPT STOCK OF DRAPERY.**

**GENUINE AND UNRESERVED**

**CLEARING SALE**

NOW GOING ON AT

LONDON HOUSE, CROMWELL.

**W. TALBOYS,**

**H**AVING PURCHASED, on most advantageous terms, the BANKRUPT STOCK of Mr John McDonald, Draper, Palmerston, desires to announce that he will hold a CLEARING SALE for ONE MONTH ONLY, during which time purchasers of Drapery will have an opportunity of securing unprecedented Bargains.

**DRESS DEPARTMENT.**

Winceys, from 10d a yard.  
Fancy Dresses, from 10/- each.  
Prints and Muslins, from 6/-  
French Merinos, all colours, at half the usual prices.

**MANCHESTER DEPARTMENT.**

All kinds of Flannels, Sheetings, Towellings, Table Covers, Counterpanes, at greatly reduced prices.

White Calico, from 6d a yard.

**MANTLES AND JACKETS.**

Ladies' Jackets, from 12/6.  
Muslin Jackets, from 4/6.

**HATS.**

Ladies' Fashionable Hats, trimmed and untrimmed.

Feathers, Trimmings, and Ladies' & Children's Underclothing at a Great Sacrifice.

Ladies' Stays, 3/6.

Lace Collarettes and Muslin Scarfs, 1/6.

Splendid assortment of New Silk Scarfs.

A large assortment of Albums, Buckles, Rings, Brooches, and Perfumery to be given away.

**HOSIERY.**

Women's Lamb's Wool Hose, 1/6.

White and Brown Cotton, 1/-

**CLOTHING DEPARTMENT.**

Nelson Tweed Suits, from 40/-

Heavy Scotch Tweed, 40/-

Trousers and Vests (Silk-mixed) 20/-

Gelong Tweed Trousers and Vests 27/6.

Brighton Sacs, 17/6; Tweed Sacs, 22/6.

Blue Diagonal and Silk-mixed Sac Coats, 30/-

Tweed Trousers, 10/6; Moleskin, 9/-

Crimean Shirts (fancy check), 3/6.

All-wool Crimean, 7/6.

Tweed Shirts, 8/6 (first-class value).

Flannel Shirts, 7/-

Grey and White Lamb's Wool Pants, 7/6.

Ladies' and Children's Boots in endless variety, from 2/6.

Hayward's Long Gum Boots, 30/-

Men's Elastic Side and Watertight Boots.

CANVAS! CANVAS! CANVAS! — best Globe Brand, 1/10

Besides the lines specified (which form a portion of the Bankrupt Stock), the remainder of Goods at London House have been marked at equally low prices, and for excellence and cheapness will be found unequalled.

All who wish to secure some of the

RARE BARGAINS AT LONDON HOUSE,

Are advised to come quickly,

As the Goods are going off rapidly.

Terms Strictly Cash.

••••• ALL ACCOUNTS NOW DUE MUST BE SETTLED  
AT ONCE.

W. TALBOYS,  
LONDON HOUSE,  
CROMWELL.

**CHURCH OF ENGLAND.**

**D**IVINE SERVICE will be held in the Schoolroom on THURSDAY EVENING, February 1st, at eight o'clock.

A BAPTISMAL SERVICE will also be held. M. FRAER.

**E**LBA FREEHOLD ESTATE COMPANY.

**NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.**

Payments for Shares in the above Company must be made on or before SATURDAY, the 3rd February, on which date the lists will be finally closed.

THOMAS STANBROOK,  
Secretary.

**F**OR SALE,—SECTIONS 26 AND 27,  
BLOCK II.

D. MACKELLAR.

**FOR SALE OR LEASE.**

**T**ENDERS are invited for the absolute PURCHASE, or RENTAL for a period of not less than twelve months, of ONE FOURTH SHARE in Arkell and Company's WATER-RACE and SLUICING CLAIM, Smallburn, recently the property of the late JOHN B. LUSCOMBE.

The Company hold the prior right to twelve heads of water from a permanent source of supply at all seasons of the year.

Full information respecting race and claim can be obtained from Mr J. ARKELL, on the ground; or Mr JOHN HAYES, Cromwell.

Tenders to be addressed to the Secretary Luscombe Aid Fund Committee, and sent in not later than eight o'clock on the evening of MONDAY, 5th February.

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

D. MACKELLAR, Secretary.

**I** THE UNDERSIGNED CHARLES COLCLOUGH, hereby make application to Register the ELIZABETH QUARTZ-MINING COMPANY, REGISTERED, under the provisions of the "Mining Companies Limited Liability Act, 1865," and the Amended Act, 1870; and I do sincerely and solemnly declare that the following statement is, to the best of my belief and knowledge, true in every particular:—

The Style of the Company is, "Elizabeth Quartz-Mining Company, Registered."

The place of operations is on the Carrick Range.

The nominal capital of the Company is six thousand four hundred pounds, in twelve hundred and eighty shares of five pounds each.

The amount paid up in cash is £1000 (one thousand pounds).

The amount allotted in partly paid-up shares is three thousand eight hundred pounds.

The office of the Company is at Cromwell.

The name of the Manager is Charles Colclough.

The names in full and several residences of

the Shareholders, and the number of shares held by each at this date, are as follows:—

JOHN RICHARDS, Bannockburn - 160 Shares

PHILIP GRAVES, Kawarau Gorge - 160 Shares

THOMAS HANCOCK, Bannockburn - 160 Shares

JOHN TOWAN, Cromwell - 160 Shares

JAMES MORKANE, Alexandra - 160 Shares

GEORGE REDHEAD, Kawarau Gorge 160 Shares

JOHN ALVES, Dunedin - 160 Shares

THOMAS WILSON, Kawarau Gorge - 80 Shares

WILLIAM TALBOYS, Cromwell - 80 Shares

Dated this 23rd day of January, 1872.

CHARLES COLCLOUGH,

Manager.

Witness to signature:

I. LOUGHNAN, J.P.

**Application for an Extended Claim.**

**N**OTICE is hereby Given that application

has been made to me by GEORGE LAWRENCE to declare that that portion of the

Otago Gold-fields described in the Schedule

hereunto annexed may be occupied as an

Extended Claim, under Section 1, Regulation VI,

of the Otago Gold-fields Rules and Regulations;

and that the said application will be heard at

Cromwell on THURSDAY, the 15th day of

February, 1872. Objections (if any) to the

granting of such application must be lodged at

the Warden's office, Cromwell, within fourteen

days of this date.

(Signed) VINCENT PYKE,

Warden.

Cromwell, January 27, 1872.

SCHEDULE.

All that area containing one acre, situate

20 yards east of applicant's registered dam, in

Smith's Gully.

**Cromwell Argus**

AND NORTHERN GOLD-FIELDS GAZETTE.

In the Provincial Government Gazette of the 16th instant, are published the conditions under which applications will be received by the Minister for Public Works for advances of money to aid in the construction, extension, or improvement of water on the Goldfields, to be used for mining and other purposes. Our readers will remember that the "Immigration and Public Works Act," provided that a certain sum out of the Loan should be set apart for the especial encouragement and assistance of persons who might engage in striking works for the extension of the Goldfields and in finding Sergeant Major for the same. The Minister for Public Works to make the regulations under which the advances should be made by the Government. The regulations are on the whole liberal, and we think ought to be viewed with favour throughout the mining districts of the Colony. Borrowing money for the prosecution of an enterprise is generally a very disagreeable proceeding, always an expensive, and sometimes a ruinous one. But in the present instance, few of the usual objectionable features in connection with the loans are observable. The high rate of interest which has usually to be paid is reduced to the (for the Colonies, at any rate, a moderate amount of seven per cent.; the Government take, as their security, a lien over the works proposed to be constructed, (which have to be registered in the Warden's Court of the district when the advance is made); and, lastly, the "capital sum is to be repaid out of the profits of the enterprise in the same proportion as the amount of money bears to the paid-up capital of the Company." Sub-division 7 of Regulation 1 provides that the amount of money proposed to be borrowed must not exceed one-third of the estimated cost of the construction of the works; this, we think, is the least liberal part of the whole Company's plan. When the proposal to devote £300,000 towards the development of the Goldfields was first made public, we anticipated that the Government would make advances at the rate of £1 for every £1 of the paid-up capital of any Goldfields Water Supply Company which might be formed. We grant that some degree of risk is incurred by the Government, seeing that the only security they have is the works constructed, which, of course, may possibly prove unremunerative. But, after all, the risk is slight; for it may be well imagined that no scheme of water-supply will be gone into rashly where a large amount of private capital is necessarily at stake. There is a tendency to rashness—to a great want of consideration, at all events,—where Government money is concerned; but in undertakings of the nature alluded to, where private interests are so intimately associated with those of the Government, comparatively little apprehension of recklessness in dealing with the capital to be raised need be entertained. We do not avail at the Government, however, for guarding the Treasury against loss, although they have commenced rather late to economise, and that in a direction where rigid economy is almost unnecessary.

These side-streams is a most important and valuable feature in the undertaking, as it will enable the Company partially to supply the existing demand for water at an early stage of their operations, and will also provide them with a source of income that may greatly lighten and diminish the number of "calls" made upon the shareholders.

Information was brought to the officer in charge of the Cromwell Station (Sergeant Cassals) yesterday afternoon, to the effect that a Chinaman named Sin Ken had been accidentally killed in the vicinity of the Fraser River on Sunday last. The sergeant was unable to ascertain anything beyond the fact that the deceased, along with his four mates, had been engaged in gathering scrub on the face of a steep bank or cliff, and that by some means a large stone became detached and rolled down the declivity, striking the unfortunate Chinaman on the head, and inflicting such injuries as to cause death. Sergeant Cassals proceeded yesterday evening to the scene of the occurrence, which is believed to be about seven miles from Clyde.

It is announced in our advertising columns that Divine Service will be performed next Thursday evening, in the Schoolhouse, by the Rev. J. Jones.

We are requested to state that in consequence of one or two of the lists sent to the outlying districts not having been returned to the Committee of the Luscombe Aid Fund, the publication of the names of contributors to the Fund is postponed till next week.

One of the most important features of the amended Gold-fields Regulations is the clause relating to applications for water-races. In future, every sluice-head applied for will entail the payment of five shillings per annum, in addition to the usual fee for registration. There are other alterations in the Regulations which we will enumerate in our next issue.

Our Mount Ida contemporary gives currency to a rumour to the effect that "the Government have decided on removing the headquarters of their officers, both judicial and police, from Clyde to Cromwell." Although we fully concur with our contemporary in the opinion "that such an event must naturally follow the rapid growth and development of Cromwell," we are unable to find any confirmation of the truth of the report alluded to; on the contrary, we are in a position to state that within the past fortnight a letter was received by the local Municipal Council from the Provincial Secretary, in reply to a communication from the Council on this subject, in which it was mentioned "that the Government saw no necessity for interfering with existing arrangements at present" (or worse to that effect). So, in the meantime, there seems but little chance of any change in the direction indicated.

The Rev. J. Jones (Church of England) held Divine Service in the Schoolroom on Thursday evening last, and was listened to by a large and attentive congregation. We understand endeavours are to be made to secure Mr Jones's continuation in Cromwell every alternate Sunday, and if such an arrangement were settled upon, it is expected that he would be enabled occasionally to visit the outlying districts. We believe Mr Fraer will be able to give information regarding the plan proposed to be adopted for the furtherance of the object in view.

The following are the results of the races at Tuapeka on Thursday:—Maiden Plate, 35 svs., distance 1½ miles: Mr Prince's Kil-tare, 1; Mr Schluter's Salamander Sam, 2; Mr Smith's May Queen, 3. Time, 3 min. 14 sec.—Lawrence Handicap, of 60 svs., with sweepstakes of a guinea, the second horse to receive the amount accruing from the sweep, distance 1½ miles: Mr Robinson's Lyndon, 1; Mr Walter's Sander, 2; Mr Pritchard's Foretop, 3. Time, 3 min. 45 sec.—Handicap Trotting Race, of 25 svs., distance three miles: Mr Williams's Ranger, 1; Mr Macpherson's Joe Cope, 2; Mr Robinson's Modesty, 3.—Handicap Hurdle Race, of 50 svs., heats, over four flights of hurdles 3 ft. high, one mile and a distance: Mr Schluter's Honest John, 1.0.1; Mr Prince's Sir Tat-tat, 2.3.0; Mr Williams's Don Pedro, 3.2.2; Mr Grant's Pretender, 0.1.0. The weather was splendid, and the attendance large, there being 2000 persons present. Particulars of the second day's racing will be found under the heading "Telegraphic news."

If sufficient inducement should offer, we believe it is the intention of Mr MacKellar to open an evening school at an early date.

A numerously signed requisition has been presented to Mr B. Hallenstein of Queenstown asking him to become a candidate for the seat in the General Assembly vacated by Mr Haughton. Mr Hallenstein's reply is as follows:—"Gentlemen, —Being anxious to promote the welfare of our District, and feeling that, in the position of a member of the House of Representatives, I may be enabled to do some good, I have decided to comply with your honourable request. It has ever been to me a work of pleasure to assist in developing the resources of this district. I have unbounded faith in them; I had faith in them when everything looked gloomy. I also had a firm conviction that here the industry of gold-mining is only in its infancy; that time and honest legislation will greatly expand it; and as it expands, so will agriculture and commerce flourish. I feel, then, that, in promoting the welfare of the miners, I am promoting the interests of the agriculturists, and of those engaged in trade and commerce. I regret that this is not more fully understood; I regret that, generally, the representatives of the strictly agricultural districts, and of the large commercial towns, seem, to a very great extent, to ignore the mining interest. The fact that the mining population of to-day has become a settled community, yielding—independent of special taxation—more revenue to the State than any other class, does not seem to be known. It is no empty phrase, when I say it shall be my duty to impress upon the Legislature the importance of an industry which, more than any other, has accelerated the progress of New Zealand."

The following resolutions were passed at the half-yearly meeting of the Education Board, held in Dunedin on Thursday week. They are expressive of everything that could be desired by the most scrupulous conscience. It was resolved (1) that the schoolmasters and other teachers employed under the Board be enjoined to adhere strictly to the terms of the Education Ordinance, 1861, in regard to the Bible and religious instructions; to take care that both parents and children be informed that attendance at such reading or instruction is optional; and to avoid the use of any lessons containing words or expressions offensive to the Roman Catholic or other denominations of Christians. (2) That the board express their appreciation of the prudent and fair manner in which they believe the school committees and teachers have generally acted in reference to the reading of the Bible and the imparting of religious instruction in the public schools. (3) That a copy of these resolutions be forwarded to every school committee, and every teacher connected with the Board.

## TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

PER GREVILLE'S TELEGRAM COMPANY, REUTER'S AGENTS.

DUNEDIN,

TUESDAY, 9 A.M.

In the Supreme Court yesterday, the case of Reicheldt v. the New Zealand Insurance Company, was decided in favour of plaintiff. The jury, after a retirement of 25 minutes' duration, returned into Court and awarded to Reicheldt the full amount of insurance claimed—L.1000. The cases against other insurance companies will be decided by this one, which has occupied the Court since yesterday week.

Mr Macandrew, Mr Rolleston, and party reached the Bluff by steamer yesterday.

Up to the present time, two-thirds of the Volunteers in Otago have competed in order to qualify themselves as representatives in the colonial competition firing. Lieutenant Goldie, ex-champion, and Ensign M'Gregor, a former representative, failed to score the requisite number of points in the first stage.

Mr Macassey will contest the Assembly election for the Wakatipu district.

Mr E. ff. Ward, registrar of the Supreme Court, had a narrow escape from drowning on Saturday, his horse having fallen while crossing the railway embankment at Pelichet Bay.

The continued drought is severely felt in Canterbury and Auckland.

The strike of the workmen on the Waikato railway line still continues.

Two thousand three hundred people were present at the Tuapeka Races on the second day (Friday). The racing resulted as follows:—Flying Handicap of 35 svs., distance one mile: Slander, 1; Lyndon, 2. Time, 1 min. 51 secs. Jockey Club Handicap of 100 svs., distance two miles: Backbiter, 1; Yatterina, 2. Time, 3 min. 50 secs. Publicans' Handicap of 50 svs., distance 1½ miles: Slander, 1; Foretop, 2. Consolation Handicap of 30 svs., distance, 1½ miles: Catapult, 1.

## THE SUEZ MAIL.

The Rangitoto arrived at Hokitika with the Suez Mail on Sunday.

### LATEST TELEGRAPHIC FROM LONDON.

On the 20th the Prince was progressing favourably. 21st.—Passed a restless night. 24th.—Progressing favourably. (On arriving off Glenelg, the mail steamer signalled that the Prince was dead, but there was no confirmation of the announcement in the telegrams.)

The Tichborne case was adjourned till the 18th January. The claimant's case reached the seventieth day. Arthur Orton was not produced.

Australian tinned meats are increasing in public favour rapidly.

The captain and officers of the troop-ship Magara were acquitted, and were complimented on the fidelity and bravery displayed by them under the peculiar circumstances attending the loss of the vessel.

The Prince of Wales's groom died on the 18th December, of typhoid fever.

It is proposed to send out an expedition to rescue Dr Livingston.

A great fire has occurred at Rotherhithe, destroying L.300,000 worth of property, in addition to 70,000 quarters of wheat.

Kelly's acquittal (of the murder of a policeman in Glasgow) caused great dissatisfaction in England.

The Russian Press has entirely changed its tone towards Germany, and recommends a union of the slave races under Russia.

The Orleans princes have been allowed to sit in the French Assembly.

The prospects of the Republic are improving. Thiers is proclaimed President for life.

Rossel, Ferre, and Bourgois, leading Communists, have been executed.

Over 70,000 bales of wool were sold at the late sales. The attendance of buyers was large, and competition brisk. At the commencement of the sales, September prices were fully sustained. Australian and New Zealand wools realised 1.1. to 1.2d. higher.

1500 bales of flax were offered, and all sold at 30s. advance. Large parcels are in second hands for shipment to America.

New Zealand Securities.—Six Per Cents., 110 to 112; ditto, Consolidated, 111 to 114.

The Australian news is unimportant.

The Sydney Chamber of Commerce have petitioned the Government of New South Wales to subsidise Webb's line in preference to Hall's.

L.60,000 of the New Zealand Loan has been placed at 102.

## CARRICK RANGE QUARTZ REEFS.

### RESULTS OF RECENT CRUSHINGS.

The first crushing at the new machine lately erected by the Star of the East Q.M. Company (conjointly with the Heart of Oak Company) was finished on Tuesday last, and the amalgam from the Star battery was retorted on Wednesday. One hundred and four tons, taken promiscuously from the reef, had been operated upon, and the weight of the golden cake lodged at the Bank on Wednesday afternoon was 227 ozs. 14 dwt.,—an average of 2 ozs. 3 dwt. 18 grs. to the ton.

The Heart of Oak Company (whose ground adjoins the Star of the East claim) completed a crushing of 104 tons on Friday, and the result was 328 ozs. 18 dwt. of gold,—the average per ton being 3 ozs. 3 dwt. 2 grs.

The larger yield from the Heart of Oak is accounted for by the fact that a considerable portion of the stone was "picked," whilst that of the Star was shot into the paddock just as it was taken from the reef.

The time occupied in crushing was necessarily somewhat protracted, the shortness of water having caused frequent stoppages. We are glad to hear, however, that this difficulty is now in a great measure obviated; for with the aid of the powerful pumping appliances just completed (at a cost of £250), the water, after washing the tables of the Heart of Oak, will be brought back and made to perform the same operation for the Star of the East. It is expected that the double battery of ten stamps will prove equal to the reduction of about 190 tons a week now that the dam and force-pump are in full working order.

Mr Joseph Shields, manager of the Heart of Oak, informs us that he has now sufficient stone "in view" to keep the single battery going for the next twelve months. The main shaft is down to a depth of over eighty feet, and the manager anticipates there will be no necessity for further sinking until the expiry of the period mentioned.

The Star of the East shaft (adjacent to the boundary line) has been carried down sixty feet below the deepest level in the Heart of Oak ground, and a well-defined reef—twenty inches to three feet in width—can be traced from the main drive to the bottom of the shaft.

## CROMWELL JOCKEY CLUB.

A general meeting of the members of this Club was held in the Town-hall on Thursday evening, 23rd inst. Present: Messrs Dagg (president), Colclough, Logan, Marsh, Taylor, Pierce, Kidd, Sansom, Jolly, Harding, Dawkins, Matthews, and MacNab (secretary).

Minutes of two previous meetings were read and confirmed.

Accounts amounting to £27 18s were laid on the table, to be settled when the outstanding subscriptions (about £35) shall have been collected.

The Treasurer (Mr Jolly) reported having paid £30 on account of sundry liabilities incurred prior to the late race meeting.

On the motion of Mr Dawkins, seconded by Mr Kidd, it was resolved,—That Mr W. Shanly be refunded the sum of £4 4s overpaid on account of Messrs W. Stavely & Co.'s subscription for 1870.

It was proposed by Mr Dawkins, seconded by Mr Logan, and agreed to,—That the Midsummer Race Meeting of 1872, and all subsequent annual race meetings under the auspices of this Club, be held on the last Tuesday and Friday in the month of December.

The President stated that he had given some attention to the question of the advisability of amalgamating with the Dunstan Jockey Club, and had arrived at the conclusion that the scheme would not work. An amalgamation of the Clubs, and the holding of races at Cromwell and the Dunstan alternately, would just have this result,—that the Dunstan people would only support their own meeting, and the people of Cromwell would subscribe only for the races held here. He therefore strongly recommended every member of the Club to oppose any amalgamation.

Several other gentlemen present supported the view taken by the President.

Mr Colclough mentioned the desirability of offering some direct encouragement to the breeders of thoroughbred horses, which he considered would be best accomplished by announcing an annual event to be called the "Sires' Produce Stakes," open to three-year-olds bred in the Province; the amount offered by the Club to be augmented by sweepstakes contributed by the owners of thoroughbred sires.

This suggestion was favourably entertained, and it was agreed that the subject should be discussed at a future meeting.

The President drew attention to the advisability of establishing an annual race for three-year-old horses carrying equal weights, something akin to the English Derby.

After some discussion on the subject,

Mr Pierce proposed,—That the sum of £50 be given by this Club, added to a sweepstake of £5 5s each, for three-year-olds, the race to be called the "Cromwell Derby"; the entrances, £3 3s each, to be made by the 1st of October; the entries to carry weight for age, and the distance to be a mile and a half.

This was seconded by Mr Sansom, and was adopted.

A vote of thanks was accorded to the gentlemen who acted as stewards at the late race meeting, for the efficient manner in which they had performed their onerous duties.

The customary compliment to the Chairman concluded the meeting.

## WARDEN'S COURT, CROMWELL.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 25.

(Before Vincent Pyke, Esq., Judge and Warden.)

### TRADING WITHOUT A BUSINESS LICENSE.

Jesse Alley, of the All Nations Hotel, Carrickton, was charged by Sergeant Cassels with carrying on business without a business license. The hearing of the information was adjourned for a fortnight.

### APPLICATIONS.

*Protection.*—Edward Robinson and another, 90 days' for an alluvial claim in Smith's Gully, (cause, want of water): granted.—F. Shambrook and 17 others (United Bannockburn Company), 60 days for a quartz claim on the Carrick Range (to complete tunnel): granted.—John Lange, 60 days' for an alluvial claim in Pipeclay Gully, (cause, want of water): granted.

*Tail-Race.*—John Hayes and another were granted a certificate for a tail-race, 450 yards in length, from their claim, situate quarter of a mile west of Cromwell.

*Water-Races.*—J. Gartshore and five others, two sluice-heads, from a point ten chains west of commencement of Nil Desperandum Co.'s race, Pipeclay Gully: to be granted on payment of fees (5s. for each sluice-head) as provided by section 22 of the Amended Regulations, in addition to the usual fee of 2s. 6d. for registration.—W. Green and two others, one sluice-head from head of Adams's Gully and of a branch gully: granted on same condition.—R. Sherria (for the Golden Gate Company), four sluice-heads from Smith's Gully, at the point agreed upon by the Nil Desperandum and Golden Gate Companies: granted as above.—John Hayes and another, five sluice-heads from applicants' registered dam: adjourned for fourteen days.—Wm. Smalley and three others, two sluice-heads from Pipeclay Gully, north of Royal Standard claim: granted as above.—Arch Sutherland, four sluice-heads from Commissioner's Creek, Nevis: granted as above.

*Quartz Prospecting Claim.*—J. T. H. Brown and eleven others applied for a prospecting claim adjoining the ground formerly granted them at the head of Adams's Gully, and for cancellation of former certificate. Application granted, and former certificate cancelled.

*Gold Mining Lease.*—The application of the Colclough Quartz Mining Company, Registered, for a lease of ten acres at their present workings, was adjourned until 8th February.

*Agricultural Lease.*—The application of John M'Lean was adjourned for fourteen days.

## RESIDENT MAGISTRATE'S COURT, CROMWELL.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 25.

(Before Vincent Pyke, Esq., R.M., and James Taylor, Esq., J.P.)

*KEEPING AN UNREGISTERED DOG.*—W. Reid Robertson was charged by Sergeant Cassels with this offence, and was fined 40s.

*BREACH OF THE LICENSING ACT.*—Hugh M'Pherson was fined £3 and costs for being intoxicated on his licensed premises; in default of payment, to be imprisoned in Clyde gaol for 14 days. His Worship cautioned the offender not to appear again before the Court on a similar charge. The fine was paid.

*OBTAINING MONEY UNDER FALSE PRETENCES.*—A charge of this nature was set down for hearing, but was struck out on the application of the prosecutor.

*CORPORATION OF CROMWELL v. ANDREW WOOD.*—This was a suit to recover the sum of £3 15s., being the amount of rates levied on defendant as the owner of a water-race running within the limits of the Municipality. Mr H. W. Smythies, Town Clerk and Rate Collector, appeared on behalf of the Corporation. The defendant put in no definite plea, simply stating that he considered himself quite sufficiently taxed without having to pay Corporation rates for water-race property. Judgment was given for amount claimed, together with 9s. costs of Court.

*CLAIM FOR BOARD AND LODGING.*—Jesse Alley sued Helen Spiers for the sum of £3 15s. Defendant pleaded not indebted, but having only received the summons on the Tuesday previous to the sitting of the Court, she had been unable to procure the attendance of witnesses on her behalf. His Worship said he would adjourn the case for fourteen days, to give the defendant an opportunity of substantiating her plea.

*DAVIDSON v. ALLEY.*—Claim, £14 18s., for work and labour done. A set-off amounting to £11 4s. 6d. was put in by the defendant. Mr Brough for the plaintiff; Mr Allanby for defendant. It appeared from the evidence of plaintiff that he was engaged by defendant, on the 20th November, to assist him in building a hotel at Carrickton, and had worked from that date until the 23rd December, for which he claimed payment at the rate of 12s. per day. No agreement as to amount of wages was made between the parties when the plaintiff began work. On the 23rd December, when plaintiff asked for a settlement, Alley told him he could not pay him in full just then, but gave him £2 on account. Plaintiff had lived with defendant in a temporary hut while the hotel was being built. The defendant's evidence went to show that he had never engaged the plaintiff at all, and never agreed to pay him wages. He (defendant) put up the hotel mainly for the sake of "giving himself a job," and he had only allowed the plaintiff to stay with him because the man was "hard up." His Worship reduced the set-off (one item of which was £1 15s. for one day's hire of a horse) to £1 11s. 6d., and gave judgment for £7 8s. 6d., with 19s. costs, and 2ls. professional fee.

*SLAUGHTER-HOUSE LICENSES.*—Sir Vow, of Bannockburn, applied for a renewal, which was granted. A similar application by John Halliday was also granted.

## TO LET ON LEASE.

THE

**K**AWARAU HOTEL, CROMWELL  
NOW  
OCCUPIED BY MR. W. SMITHAM.

Apply to

Mr GEO. JENOUR,

Date Cromwell

TRY

**M**ARSH'S ADELAIDE WINE  
IF YOU WANT A TREAT. 89

**J**UST ARRIVED.—FIRST-CLASS  
CANVAS,

Manufactured expressly for Sluicing.

JAMES TAYLOR,

CROMWELL TIMBER YARD.

**A**LL NATIONS HOTEL,  
CARRICKTON.

J. ALLEY begs to inform the inhabitants of the Carrick Range and Bannockburn district that the above hotel is now completed, and that he will be happy to receive a visit from his numerous friends and acquaintances.

First-class Accommodation for Visitors.

Wines, Spirits, and Beers of the best quality.

**£2** REWARD,—LOST, from BENDIGO, a GREY HORSE, with hobbles, branded G W on near shoulder. The above reward will be paid on delivery at M'Cormick's Hotel, Quartzville. GILBERT MCCABE.

**I**MPERIAL HOTEL,  
PRINCES-STREET SOUTH,  
DUNEDIN.

Having taken the above hotel, I beg to intimate to my old friends and the public generally that I am prepared to offer the best accommodation to Boarders, private families, and Travellers, at Moderate Charges.

Very superior accommodation for Wedding Parties, &amp;c.

FIRST-CLASS STABLING.—Horses, Buggies, and Carriages on hire.

165 W. H. HAYDON.

**N**OTICE.—As we are now taking stock, we must request a SETTLEMENT of all outstanding ACCOUNTS by the 1st February, 1872. I. HALLENSTEIN & CO.

**JOHN RICHARDS,**  
Proprietor of the  
**B**ANNOCKBURN HOTEL & STORE  
AND OF

RICHARDS'S FERRY, BANNOCKBURN.  
Being anxious to retire from business, offers FOR SALE the whole of his PROPERTY, which will be disposed of either in one lot, or separately, to suit purchasers.

THE PROPERTY COMPRISES:

1. The BANNOCKBURN HOTEL, situate at the junction of the Ferry Roads, and fronting the road to Carrick Range and Nevis. The house contains a spacious Hall for public meetings; large Dining-room, two Sitting-rooms, five Bed-rooms, Par-room, and every accommodation for carrying on a large business. Attached to the Hotel is a substantially-built Stable; also, Stockyard, Sheds, and other out-buildings.
2. The GENERAL STORE, now doing a large, lucrative, and steady trade, established upwards of four years; together with the STOCK-IN-TRADE, including Soft Goods, Provisions, Hardware, and every variety of goods required in a mining district.
3. The BAKERY & BUTCHERY BUSINESS, with Baker's Oven, Butcher's Shop, and all necessary appliances.
4. The SELF-ACTING PUNT, BOAT, and GEAR belonging to the Upper Ferry.
5. An EIGTH SHARE in the ELIZABETH Quartz-Mining Company, Carrick Range, acknowledged to be one of the best mining properties in the Province.
6. FRUIT GARDEN, comprising an acre of ground, substantially fenced, and planted with Fruit Trees of all descriptions.

The only reason for wishing to dispose of the above Properties, is that Mr Richards, having been in the district since the outbreak of the Danstan Rush, is now desirous of retiring altogether from active business.

**F**OR SALE, or TO LET on Terms,—  
ONE-SIXTH SHARE in a DREDGING  
CLAIM at Welshman's Beach, above the Gentle  
Annie Creek. For particulars, apply to  
THOMAS WILSON,  
17 Kawarau Gorge.

**DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.**

The PARTNERSHIP (if any) existing between WILLIAM & MICHAEL SHANLY, carrying on business as General Storekeepers, at Melmore Terrace, Cromwell, was DISSOLVED by mutual consent on the 22nd day of December, 1871.

(Signed) { WILLIAM SHANLY.  
MICHAEL SHANLY.

Witness to the signature of W. SHANLY:

A. BROGAN,  
Solicitor, Clyde.

Witness to the signature of MICHAEL SHANLY:

W. W. WILSON,  
Solicitor, Clyde.

**N O T I C E.**

In reference to the above, I beg to inform my friends and customers that all DEBTS due to the late firm MUST BE PAID to me on or before the 22nd FEBRUARY, 1872; and that my receipt for the same will alone be binding.

WILLIAM SHANLY.

**N**OTICE is Herby Given that the PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between JAMES NICHOLAS, JOHN LUMLEY EDWARDS, and JOHN JENKINS, of Cromwell, carrying on business as Coal Miners, under the style or firm of "Nicholas & Co.", has been this day DISSOLVED by mutual consent.

All DEBTS due to the said partnership will be received, and all LIABILITIES will be discharged, by JAMES NICHOLAS, who will continue to carry on the business under the style of the late firm.

JAMES NICHOLAS.  
JOHN LUMLEY EDWARDS.  
JOHN JENKINS.

Witness—JOHN MARSH.  
Cromwell, January 22, 1872.

**CROMWELL COAL-PIT CO.**

**M**ESSRS JAMES NICHOLAS & Co., having DISSOLVED PARTNERSHIP on the 22nd January, 1872, respectfully give notice to the Public that all outstanding accounts owing by the said firm are to be sent in immediately to Mr JAMES NICHOLAS, and they will be promptly settled.

Mr NICHOLAS has authorised MR JOSEPH RESTON to COLLECT ALL OUTSTANDING DEBTS due to the late firm, and respectfully requests a prompt settlement thereof.

**CHARLES COLCLOUGH,**  
**S**HAREBROKER, COMMISSION  
AGENT,  
ARBITRATOR, AND ACCOUNTANT,  
CROMWELL.

Having arranged to devote my time exclusively to these occupations, business entrusted to my care will receive every attention.

**AUCTION SALE AT THE STORE OF  
MR COLCLOUGH.**

**W.** J. BARRY & CO. will sell by Auction at an early date (for which, see posters) the remaining portion of the

**DRAPEY & GLASSWARE STOCK**

Of MR COLCLOUGH, who is retiring from business.

The present opportunity should not be lost by those desiring to obtain BARGAINS, as the whole MUST BE SOLD.

**O**RDERS for ALTERATION or WITHDRAWAL of ADVERTISEMENTS appearing in the ARGUS must be sent in (in writing) to the office not later than 5 p.m. on SATURDAYS.

**N**EW ADVERTISEMENTS will be received up till 9 p.m. on MONDAYS.

Extraordinary effect of Holloway's Pills on Liver and Stomach Complaints.—Extract from a letter, dated 30 Princes-street, Glasgow, Feb. 19, 1847:—"Professor Holloway.—Sir: I have taken your Pills for a disease of the stomach and liver, from which I had long suffered. When I commenced the use of them I was in a wretched state; and it was only through their agency that my life was saved, for I had consulted many eminent medical men to no purpose. I am now perfectly restored to health, to the surprise of all who witnessed the state to which I had been reduced by the disease." (Signed) Chas. Wilson.

**DUNEDIN NOTES.**

By O. P. Q.

January 18, 1872.

In social matters, Dunedin people are at present principally occupied in talking about the Cagli and Pompei Italian Opera Company, who open for a short season at the Princess Theatre to-morrow night, and with every prospect of being very largely patronised. The whole of the dress circle seats have been for some time engaged for the opening performance, and a brilliant and fashionable audience is sure to greet these talented artistes on the occasion of their debut in Dunedin. A large number of season tickets have also been disposed of. Judging from the highly favourable accounts we have received of the manner in which the operas have been rendered in other parts of New Zealand, we Dunedinites have a decided treat in store for us.

Yesterday the removal of the Cargill monument from the Octagon was commenced by the contractors. The City Council bears the expense of removal and re-erection, the contract sum being £300 odd. It is to be placed on a portion of the vacant space opposite the Custom House. I suppose that Princes-street will soon be continued straight through the Octagon to George-street, and when this is accomplished, Dunedin will be able to boast of one of the longest, if not the longest, street in a straight line in the Southern Hemisphere.

The attention of the Presbyterian Synod for some days has been mainly directed to the consideration of the now notorious dispute between the Rev. George Sutherland, of the First Church, Dunedin, and his office-bearers. The rev. gentleman decidedly got the worst of it in the discussion which ensued when the case came before the Synod, and the manager was asked if he did not feel refreshed by what he had heard. He was a hard reasoner, and told them he did not like it, begging of them in future to render unto God and Caesar each their due, by keeping their prayers for their place of worship and their labour for the mine. This sensible and reasonable suggestion evoked a lamentation from the prayers for the sinfulness of their manager. That night one of these pious vagabonds was caught in the act of stealing a fat sheep, and only escaped arrest by paying the double of its value; and two others were locked up for having been engaged in a drunken row at a low house. The pockets of one of these contained wash-dirt, with gold in it—in very small quantity, however; but the pockets showed that they had been well filled with the same material, and left no doubt on the minds of the manager and others as to the real cause of the prayerful assemblages near the face of the drive.

**Working and Praying.**

"The following story of what is done below at times," says the Ballarat correspondent of the Argus, "was told me by a most trustworthy friend. At a certain mine within a hundred miles of Ballarat, it was found as impossible to get men to tender for the work as it was to get those who went to earn the amounts paid to them. The miners in the locality were nearly all Cornishmen, and seemed to be very pious and inclined. The mining manager, on going down the shaft one hot day lately, out of his regular time for inspecting the works, was told by the man at the bottom that the other men had retired up the drive for prayer. This novelty he desired to witness, and went on towards the face, where he found six men sitting down, three of whom were smoking pipe, while a seventh was mouthing a strong exhortation to them to make up to their masters for the time they had devoted to their Maker, a hint no doubt prompted by the appearance of the 'boss.' After a little time the address or prayer was terminated, and the manager was asked if he did not feel refreshed by what he had heard. He was a hard reasoner, and told them he did not like it, begging of them in future to render unto God and Caesar each their due, by keeping their prayers for their place of worship and their labour for the mine. This sensible and reasonable suggestion evoked a lamentation from the prayers for the sinfulness of their manager. That night one of these pious vagabonds was caught in the act of stealing a fat sheep, and only escaped arrest by paying the double of its value; and two others were locked up for having been engaged in a drunken row at a low house. The pockets of one of these contained wash-dirt, with gold in it—in very small quantity, however; but the pockets showed that they had been well filled with the same material, and left no doubt on the minds of the manager and others as to the real cause of the prayerful assemblages near the face of the drive."

**GENERAL NEWS.**

The Inangahua district, near Westport, bids fair to rival the Thames in auriferous yields. The Grey River Argus thus speaks of it:—"Never was there a district so favoured as the Inangahua, with its distinct lines and belts of quartz reefs running north and south, over an extent of country that would employ all the mining population of New Zealand. Every creek is more or less auriferous, coal is abundant, agricultural land surrounds the belt, and, if our memory serves us right, the existence has been foretold of the great agent mercury in its richest form."

A Californian paper states that matters have been arranged for a match between the English horse Sterling and the American horse Harry Bassett, for £10,000 a side, £2000 to be allowed to the owner of Harry Bassett if the match is run in England. Distance, one mile and a half; the horses to carry even weight.

Some fair prospects of gold are reported to have been discovered in New California. A recently-opened quartz-reef is stated as likely to run from 30oz to 50oz to the ton. About 150oz of stone sent to Sydney turned out 15oz of gold, and eight ounces of alluvial gold were obtained by two men in two days' washing, with tin dishes.

There is a great deal of superstition among the poor people in New York. A man making his way with a jackass through Park-street the other day, was detained for some time by a number of Irishwomen, who were anxious to have their babes kiss the donkey's back, that they might be cured of the whooping cough.

The Times of November 2nd has a column and a half article, headed "Inflammability of London," showing that that city might be burned almost as easily as Chicago.

Fifty thousand acres of land have been purchased in Lower Canada by a French Association, for the purpose of forming a settlement of emigrants from Alsace.

The highest farm in the world is on the Union Pacific Railroad, and is 8000 feet above the sea level. It raises good vegetable and grain crops.

A fast-trotting mare in America, named Goldsmith Maid, is said to have done the mile in 2 minutes 17 seconds, which is Dexter's best time. It is alleged, however, that the course is a few yards short of a mile; and Mr Bonner, the owner of Dexter, publicly offers 10,000 dollars to anyone who can produce an animal that will equal the performance of his renowned horse.

A curious match at billiards came off lately in London between two men named Izar and Stammars,—the latter, who is a professional player, with the cue, and the former with his fingers. The match was one of 250 cansons, Stammars receiving 50 points. The game caused a great deal of amusement to the spectators, Izar winning by six points only. It is said that some of his manipulations were simply wonderful.

Major Ropata has acted handsomely in his method of dealing with the well-earned £1000 reward, paid by the Government for the capture of Kereopa. It is usual for the leading chief who may sell land, or otherwise obtain possession of money, to appropriate all of it, or as much as he possibly can, for his own exclusive benefit. Upon receiving the £1000, however, Ropata divided it among his followers, every member of the party receiving as large a share as their leader.

## New Zealand Hot Springs.

A correspondent of the *Australasian* writes as follows:—Observing that excursion steamers are leaving this port for places in New Zealand, more especially in the Middle Island, and knowing that the hale and hearty are the usual passengers on such trips, I wish to draw the attention of those who are afflicted in health to the renovating properties of the mineral springs of the Northern Island of New Zealand. These springs range from cold to boiling heat (the natives cooking their food in the latter), and are particularly efficacious in cases of rheumatism, cutaneous eruptions, scrofula, and indiscretions arising from excess and fast living. Having derived incalculable benefits from them, I should be ungrateful were I not to make known their blessings to suffering humanity. Hitherto they have been nearly unknown, as their position in an inaccessible country precluded invalids from visiting them; now the roads are made, and they are rendered easy of access. Situate half-way between Auckland and Napier, arrangements could easily be made to visit them from either place. The time occupied would be about a fortnight there and back. I will merely mention two instances of their virtue that came under my notice. A man engaged in erecting telegraph poles was nearly double with rheumatism. As he reached the springs, he availed himself of them, and on passing him a fortnight ago he was erect and working hard. A young man from England, with the effect of disease contracted there, joined the Constabulary force. In a short time, through marching and exposure, he became so bad that he was literally "weary of life"; he obtained a week's pass, took the baths, and came back a new creature. He is now with the field force, and is able to do his duty with any of his comrades. To fast young men who have drunk the dregs of the cup of pleasure, the springs are indeed a blessing, and I seriously beg to draw their most earnest attention to them: they had better spend their holidays here, and return new men, than to patch up and never get well. An English nobleman, well-known in these colonies, so thoroughly appreciated them that, when pronounced incurable in England, he purchased a yacht and returned to New Zealand, leaving again quite recovered. I have left that part of, and have no personal interest in, the Island, but I deem it a duty to draw attention to the marvellous benefits to be derived from the springs. Should the steamboat company so arrange that passengers could avail themselves of this part of the country, they would reap a rich harvest in ensuing seasons, as invalids would flock there if the results were known.

## Chicago Rising from its Ashes.

Newspapers from Chicago have reached us, printed among the ruins. A touching feature in their columns of advertisements is the number of children found, taken kindly care of by strangers when lost by their friends. The old spirit of enterprise also shows itself in full force. There is no vain repining, but in every paragraph the tone of courageous men who have to repair and build up again their fortunes and their city. Some of the advertisements have a touch of the old humour. A painter and a glazier announces in large letters, "I still live," and gives his new address. A draper and tailor proclaims that he "is still alive and well, and with a choice stock of woollens in his parlours." A watch company even professes to have profited by the fire. Its watches, "protected in vaults, passed through the great conflagration uninjured, and can be recommended as adjusted to temperature." Another firm announce that "being warmly pressed" they have removed their offices, and re-open at once on the new spot as fresh as ever. The work of reconstruction has been already commenced. The *Daily News* correspondent prophesies that "in five years the great city will be restored." One of the leading articles of the *Chicago Tribune* is headed, "Preparing for the Next Fire," and states that there is no question among those who are acquainted with the city why the fire was so disastrous. "It was the large area of inflammable buildings, lumber yards, and other tinder-boxes, with which the multitude of really noble buildings of Central Chicago were surrounded." "It was a thousand or so dry pine shanties and rookeries between the lake and the river and south of Monroe-street, which did the business on that terrible night. With these huddled around them, and emitting vast clouds of burning brands, which the hurricane forced into every cranny and through every window, the fine stone rows of the avenues and principal streets could no more resist the raging element than chaff can resist the whirlwind." "The grand fault to which the general destruction is traceable was in allowing the fire so much material on which to feed till it became too great for human power to resist." There was too much wood even in the best buildings. The lesson is one which many a young city of rapid growth will do well to remember.

BY AN ARITHMETICAL MADMAN.—Suppose a man and a girl were married—the man thirty-five years old, the girl five—this makes the man seven times as old as the girl; they live together until the girl is ten—this makes him forty years old, and four times as old as the girl; they will live until she is fifteen, the man being forty-five—this makes the man three times as old; they still live until she is thirty years old—this makes the man sixty, only twice as old; and so on. Now, how long would they have to live to make the girl as old as the man?

## The Jews in Europe.

It is said that a very influential movement has been started at Frankfort—the headquarters of German Jews—having for its object the return of the scattered Children of Israel to Palestine, and the re-establishment of the Jewish kingdom at Jerusalem. Such a project is not new; but religious and national enthusiasm might accomplish what seems now an impossibility. The question might be asked whether the projectors of this movement have taken any steps to discover the remnants and descendants of the ten lost tribes. The Jews in all known countries at present are supposed to be of the tribes of Judah and Benjamin.—*Graphic*.

Speaking of the conversion of the Jews, a contemporary says:—We seem to be making no way with the conversion of the Jews. They are as perverse and implacable as they were eighteen centuries ago. In spite of every contumely, they stick to the old faith, and are strongly entrenched behind the old traditions. The Society for the Promotion of Christianity amongst them has been laboring diligently, if not wisely, for nearly sixty years, with very small profit. It has sent out a whole army of propagandists, without effecting a breach. A mint of money has been spent with the same object, and with the same results. A straggler or two has been captured now and then, and the society has not withheld the expression of its thankfulness for these small mercies. But the general tone of its reports has not been encouraging. There is a constant reminder of the difficulties to be overcome, and an absence of the glorification with which the achievement of great deeds is usually proclaimed. From the report presented to the Manchester auxiliary of the society, at its fifty-seventh annual meeting recently, we learn that the Jewish people "present the same general aspect that has characterised them for many years,"—how many the writer does not state, but he probably means a few centuries. Many of them show the same zeal for the Talmud, but it is also gratifying that an increasing number is throwing aside its traditions, and seeking to establish a system more in harmony with the spirit and taste of the day. How far the society has been instrumental in bringing about a change which the truly orthodox of the Church regard with suspicion, we are left to conjecture. We learn, however, that at the commencement of the present year the society employed twenty-nine ordained missionaries, forty-nine unordained missionaries and readers, and twenty-five schoolmasters and schoolmistresses; of these, sixty-two are stationed in various parts of Europe, twenty-two in Asia, and nineteen in Africa. The results of their labours are summed up in the statement that they have distributed amongst the Jews 2655 copies of the Hebrew Bible, 29,000 portions of it, and over 23,000 copies of the New Testament, to say nothing of a large number of books and tracts of various kinds, including 500 "interleaved copies of the Book of Common Prayer in Hebrew and German." The society, perhaps wisely, refrains from publishing statistics of the number of benighted Jews who have been brought into the fold of the Church, because, notwithstanding the protest of Mr Cawley, M.P., many people will insist on applying to a missionary propaganda the test which they apply to any other undertaking, in order to ascertain whether the net gains are at all commensurate with the means employed for their accomplishment. This is, no doubt, the way of the world, but it is a safe way, and a safeguard against the abuse of confounding and generous benevolence. This pardonable curiosity will be stimulated rather than checked by the results of the society's work in Manchester. In this great population the Jewish element forms a large contingent; but it is admitted that during the year only three Jews have been converted and baptised, although 18 have "made enquiries concerning the doctrines of Christianity." The society ought not to be robbed of any consolation to be derived from this stupendous fact; but we should like to know at what cost such important results were obtained.

## Telegraph around the World.

The London *Daily News* says that three lines of telegraphic cable are to be laid, under the direction of Mr Cyrus W. Field. One will be from San Francisco to Honolulu, thence to Midway Island, and thence to Yokohama, 5573 miles. Another will be from Victoria (Vancouver's Island) to Hakodate (Japan), thence to Asiatic Russia, communicating with Possiette, which is already connected with St Petersburg. From Atcha, one of the Aleutian Isles, a line is to go to Yokohama and Shanghai, thus communicating with China, while from Yokohama a line is to go to Nippon, thence to Possiette (Russia). It is estimated that 8463 miles will be required from San Francisco to Possiette by the first line. By the other line, from Victoria to the same place, about 5244 miles will be needed. Lines from Honolulu to Australia will join San Francisco and Melbourne, touching at the Fiji Islands; thence lines will reach New Caledonia and Brisbane, which is already connected with Melbourne, Adelaide, and Fort Darwin (on the north coast), and a contract has been made for a line from that place to Java. Java is already in communication with India and China.

Ballarat (Victoria) may be expected to occupy a prominent position in the next novel of Mr Anthony Trollope. According to the Post, Mr Trollope, while in Ballarat, stated that it was the most wonderful place he had ever visited.

## The New York City Frauds.

The Joint Committee of aldermen, supervisors, and citizens, appointed to investigate the doings of the "Tammany Ring" in New York, have finished their reports. These reports are voluminous, and they will be found on examination to be comprehensive and conclusive. They establish beyond any reasonable doubt in an impartial mind several most damning facts. They show:—

1. That the debt of the city is practically 120,000,000 dol.

2. That not merely extravagance, but "fraud and peculations of the grossest character, have been practised in several departments," with the knowledge of their heads.

3. That the debt has been doubled in two years, since 1869.

4. That the Mayor is responsible for the continuation of the wholesale robbery of the city.

5. That it costs nearly as much a year (30,000,000 dol.) to run the Government of this city as to administer that of the whole nation.

6. That while 3,221,865 dol. 62c. were paid for Armoury repairs, &c., the actual expenditure was not more than 202,463 dol. In other words, the "Ring" stole, on Armoury accounts alone, 3,029,402 dol. 62c.

7. That immense sums have been paid for services unperformed, to men unknown in the offices from which they drew their salaries.

8. That the Schuyler frauds, by which the bills of one contractor were raised from 48,000 dol. to 463,000 dol., were committed through the connivance of William M. Tweed.

The *Tribune* says:—"More damning facts relating to the great thefts of Tammany are coming out. An examination by practical workmen discloses more fully the shameful frauds which everybody knew had been perpetrated in furnishing the new Court House. The famous carpets, which were reputed to have cost over 350,000 dol., are found to be worth, when new, only 12,000 dol. There is only 100,000 dol. worth of furniture where the insatiate Ingersoll claims to have put in about one million and a half dollars worth; and a beggarly 140,000 dol. would liberally pay for the cabinet and carpenter work which Miller, Ingersoll, and the rest got over a million for doing. This is swindling on the largest scale."

"Where the millions on millions of City funds have gone to, we may never clearly ascertain. The cash has been divided among many men, but it was raked out of the Treasury by the connivance of Messrs A. Oakey Hall, Richard B. Connolly, W. M. Tweed, James Watson, and Peter B. Sweeny. In some form or other, one or all of these men certified to the genuineness of the so-called claims against the City, on which the stupendous frauds were committed. On their responsibility the money was disbursed; who had shares in the stolen cash we can only guess."

## A Thrilling Spectacle.

A Pennsylvanian correspondent of the *New York World* describes how an individual named Donaldson—a tight-rope walker and magician, as he styles himself—had on the previous Wednesday made a balloon ascension, with no basket attached to his balloon; nothing whatever, in fact, but a common trapeze. Upon this he seated himself with the greatest coolness and composure, and went floating away into space, to the astonishment of the large crowd who had gathered to see him. At the height of 300 feet he commenced balancing himself on his back on the bar of the trapeze, and going through other fearful evolutions. He then deliberately slid from the bar head downwards, and catching himself by the feet remained suspended for several seconds in that awful position. The appalling sight was one never to be forgotten by those who witnessed it. A thrill and a low murmur of horror passed through the multitude who were looking on with intense interest, and many hurried away from the sight giddy and faint. The daring aeronaut, however, went through his evolutions successfully, and, regaining his seat, went soaring rapidly and steadily upward. When at the height of three-quarters of a mile he had the astounding nerve to repeat his performance, which, at so great a distance, could only be visible by the aid of glasses. When descending the balloon struck the roof of Henry Connard's residence, when Mr Donaldson made a skilful leap from the trapeze, and prevented a collision. The balloon then ascended and came down again on the other side of the road in a field, and was about striking the top of a tree, when Mr Donaldson turned a somersault on the trapeze rope and prevented the bar from catching in the tree.

"Atticus," in the *Melbourne Leader*, laments over a terrible case of destitution which has come under his notice:—"A poor man, named Jock Winter, residing near Ballarat, has felt the pressure of the times so severely that he has been obliged to curtail his expenditure very considerably, and to reduce his annual subscription to one of the local charities from £20 to £5. As the whole means of the unfortunate fellow are not believed to exceed £20,000 a year, and as the necessities of his position compel him to keep up an establishment which must cost nearly £500, his case is an extremely hard one. Is there no mining millionaire at Bendigo who will rush to the rescue of one of his own order, who is in as bad a plight as the alderman who had not tasted turtle for a whole week?"

## The Story of an Axe.

The London *Fun* tells the following story, written in a capital vein of American humour:

"Wal, I reckon about the idlest chap I ever knowed was a chap they called Long George, down to Red Pine. He had a bit of ground allotted him, that was some timbered, I was running a post at that time, on a pony, between the mines and the post-office, and so I passed his location every now and then; and noticing that he always set on a log doing nothing, I hailed him, and asked him why he didn't begin to clear his patch. Wal, he said, he hadn't nary an axe, but that an old mate of his had got the next lot, and he reckoned he'd loan him his when he came. Time went on, and he still set doing nothing; until some three months after I asked if his mate had come. He said Pete had arrove about a month ago; but as Pete had his own clearing to do, he had made up his mind not to ask for the loan of the axe till it was done. Next spring when I come by, I asked if Pete hadn't done his clearing yet; and he said, with a mournful shake of the head, that he guessed he had for a bit, for he had tool ill. So I said, I reckoned he could have the axe now; but he said he didn't want to bother Pete while he wasn't well. That autumn when I passed again, I asked how Pete was, and he said he reckoned he was pretty well about now, for they had buried him about a month ago. 'How about that axe?' said I. He up and said as Pete had left it him, but he wouldn't go sloshing round about a trifle like that while the widow was just in the first bust of her bereavement. The following summer when I saw him, he was still sitting on the log. 'Been for that axe yet?' said I. 'Wal, I guess,' said he, 'the widder's married again, and I ain't been introduced to the new boss yet; and he mightn't like my going for the axe just now.' About the beginning of winter, as I was returning from the mines, I overtook a little party going East, and fell into conversation with 'em; and one woman said to me as we were parting: 'Say, stranger, when you go back to the mines next time, will you just stop at Long George's, I forgot to tell him as the axe my old man left him is lying at Jem Brown's store.' So next time I passed I told the crittur. He said he'd go and fetch it in a day or two; but, bless you, when I passed again, there he was on the log. 'Wal,' says I, 'what's that axe?' 'Why, it's at Jem Brown's,' says he. 'Thought you'd been to fetch it,' says I. 'So I did,' says he; 'but ye see as Jem Brown had had the trouble of keeping it for me, I felt it was only proper to make him some return; so—wal, we drank that axe between us.' I lerfed some, and the next time I passed I brought him a young oak sapling and planted it. Says I, 'That will be just the size for an axe-helve by the time you've got a head for it.' 'Thank ye, stranger,' says he, quite satisfied; and it's my belief he's a settin' there still, watching the darned thing grow."

## The Religion of the Commune.

The *Times* quotes from an article signed "Frederick Harrigan," and published in the *Fortnightly Review*, the following words:—"The people of Paris believe not in any God, nor in any man. But they have a religion of their own, for which they are ready to die. That religion is the faith that capital and its holders must adapt themselves to nobler uses, or they had better cease to exist." These words, the *Times* says, were printed because they tell the real truth about that revolution which has horrified the world by its catastrophes, and because they convey in a narrow compass the history of the movement from beginning to end. The Commune, proclaimed in the manifesto of the Paris artisans, represented nothing but the means of an end. That end was the violent establishment of their private doctrines on the largest practicable scale. Under the conditions of their programme, Paris would have become and remained the Paris of six weeks since—a city in which an organisation of armed workmen was the sole depository of power, and a committee of working delegates the sole centre of authority. On these terms they could proceed to action, and either "adapt capital and its holders to nobler uses," or take care that they should cease to exist. They rose in arms against a power which would have interposed on behalf of the nation, and forbidden all this. For two months together they held the city against France, and then at last, when France proved too strong for them, they endeavoured to destroy the capital itself before dying in despair. The catastrophe is astounding; if measured against the cause. Men do die, and have died in all ages, for their religion, but never for a "religion" like this. No God, no man, no faith, no hope; nothing but better wages and more pleasure. The principle of the revolution now quenched in blood was not a bit grander than that of a tailors' strike. What could have been done with these men? That no compromise or middle course was practicable is perfectly plain. No municipal privileges, no political rights, would have satisfied men who proposed to take all the land and all the money, if possible, from the whole people: if not, at least from the people of Paris.

Ernest H. Ingpen, registrar of births, &c., for the district of Southland, has been committed for trial on a charge of embezzling sums of money amounting to £60 7s 6d, the property of the General Government. Mr Ingpen's predecessor (we forget his name) got into trouble the same year ago.

